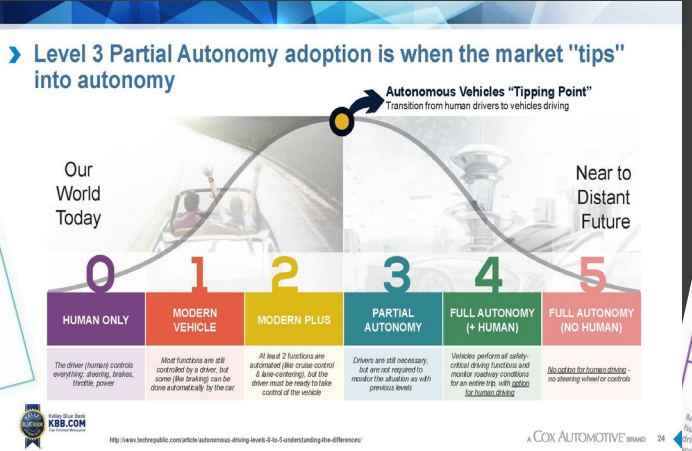
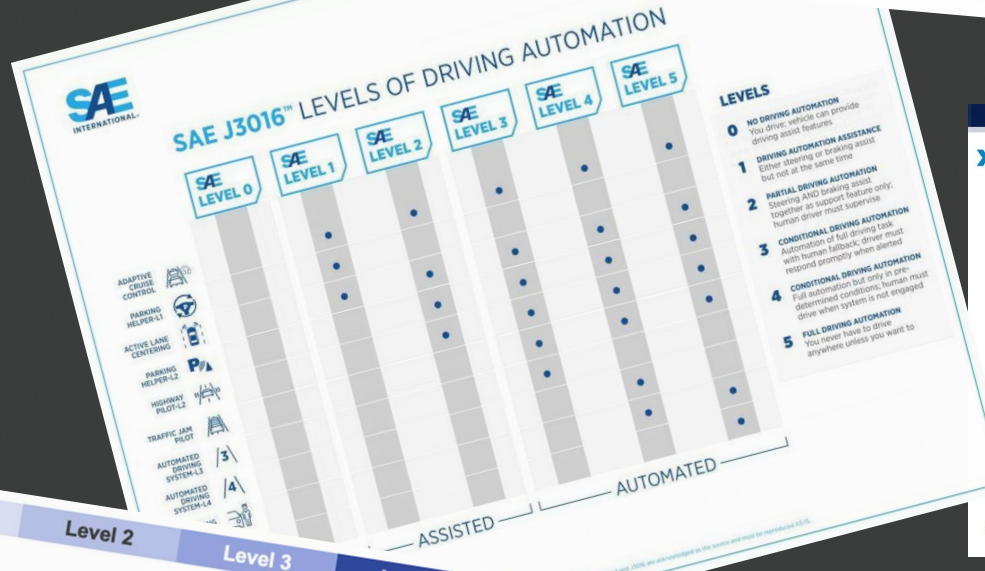
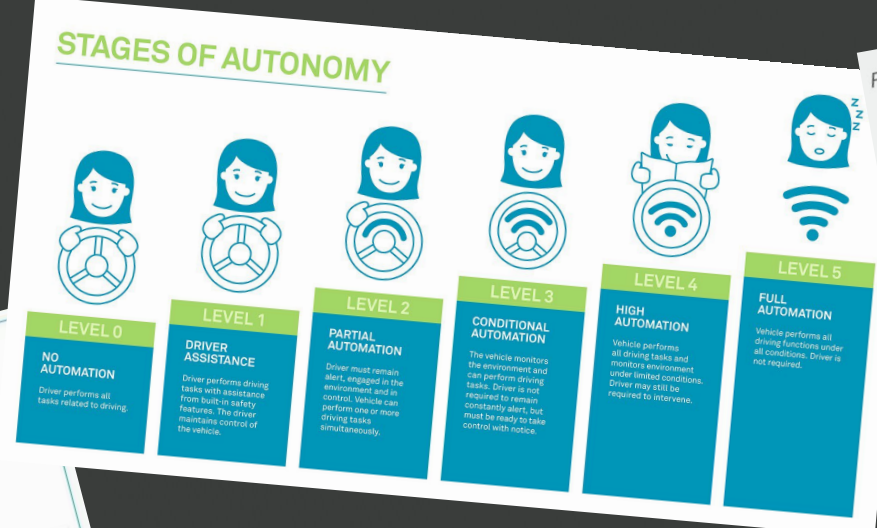
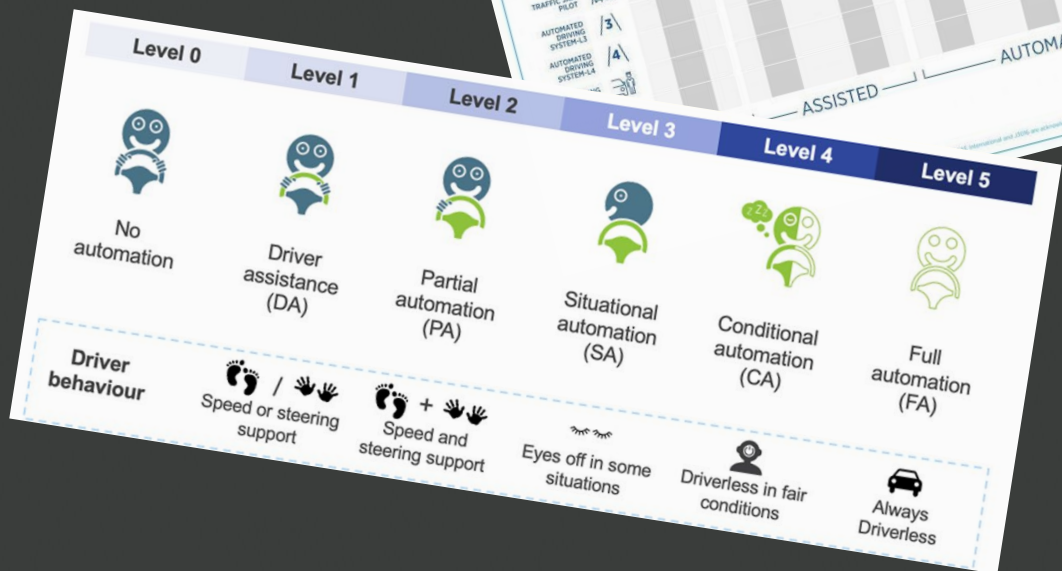


EASY TO GET LOST



For on-road vehicles

	Human driver monitors the road	Automated system monitors the road	Human driver	Automated system
0 NO AUTOMATION	Human driver	Human driver	Human driver	N/A
1 DRIVER ASSISTANCE	Human driver	Human driver	Human driver	SOME DRIVING MODES
2 PARTIAL AUTOMATION	Human driver	Human driver	Human driver	SOME DRIVING MODES
3 CONDITIONAL AUTOMATION	Human driver	Automated system	Human driver	SOME DRIVING MODES
4 HIGH AUTOMATION	Human driver	Automated system	Human driver	SOME DRIVING MODES
5 FULL AUTOMATION	Human driver	Automated system	Human driver	SOME DRIVING MODES




SOCIETY OF AUTOMOTIVE ENGINEERS (SAE) AUTOMATION LEVELS

Level	Icon	Description
0 No Automation	Human driver	Zero autonomy; the driver performs all driving tasks.
1 Driver Assistance	Human driver with assist	Vehicle is controlled by the driver, but some driving assist features may be included in the vehicle design.
2 Partial Automation	Human driver with more assist	Vehicle has combined automated functions, like acceleration and steering but the driver must remain engaged with the driving task and monitor the environment at all times.
3 Conditional Automation	Human driver with less assist	Driver is a necessity but is not required to monitor the environment. The driver must be ready to take control of the vehicle at all times with notice.
4 High Automation	Human driver with minimal assist	The vehicle is capable of performing all driving functions under certain conditions. The driver may have the option to control the vehicle.
5 Full Automation	Human driver with no assist	The vehicle is capable of performing all driving functions under all conditions. The driver may have the option to control the vehicle.



LEVELS OF DRIVING AUTOMATION



SAE J3016™ LEVELS OF DRIVING AUTOMATION™

Learn more here: [sae.org/standards/content/j3016_202104](https://www.sae.org/standards/content/j3016_202104)

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	SAE LEVEL 0™	SAE LEVEL 1™	SAE LEVEL 2™	SAE LEVEL 3™	SAE LEVEL 4™	SAE LEVEL 5™
What does the human in the driver's seat have to do?	You are driving whenever these driver support features are engaged – even if your feet are off the pedals and you are not steering			You are not driving when these automated driving features are engaged – even if you are seated in “the driver’s seat”		
	You must constantly supervise these support features; you must steer, brake or accelerate as needed to maintain safety			When the feature requests, you must drive	These automated driving features will not require you to take over driving	
<small>Copyright © 2021 SAE International.</small>						
What do these features do?	These are driver support features			These are automated driving features		
	These features are limited to providing warnings and momentary assistance	These features provide steering OR brake/acceleration support to the driver	These features provide steering AND brake/acceleration support to the driver	These features can drive the vehicle under limited conditions and will not operate unless all required conditions are met	This feature can drive the vehicle under all conditions	
Example Features	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • automatic emergency braking • blind spot warning • lane departure warning 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lane centering OR • adaptive cruise control 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • lane centering AND • adaptive cruise control at the same time 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • traffic jam chauffeur 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • local driverless taxi • pedals/steering wheel may or may not be installed 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • same as level 4, but feature can drive everywhere in all conditions

<https://www.sae.org/blog/sae-j3016-update>

	SAE LEVEL 0™	SAE LEVEL 1™	SAE LEVEL 2™	SAE LEVEL 3™	SAE LEVEL 4™	SAE LEVEL 5™
What does the human in the driver's seat have to do?	You <u>are</u> driving whenever these driver support features are engaged – even if your feet are off the pedals and you are not steering			You <u>are not</u> driving when these automated driving features are engaged – even if you are seated in “the driver’s seat”		
	You must constantly supervise these support features; you must steer, brake or accelerate as needed to maintain safety			When the feature requests, you must drive	These automated driving features will not require you to take over driving	

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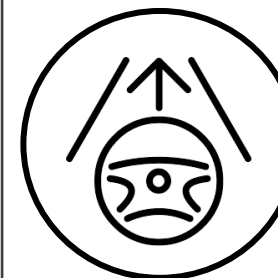
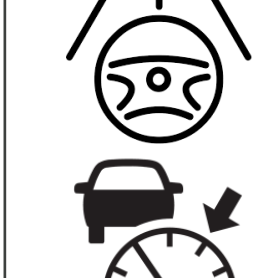
STATE OF THE INDUSTRY

- How do you know what “Level” a vehicle is?

Level applies to the
system, not the
vehicle

STATE OF THE INDUSTRY

- What Levels are these systems?

Blind Spot Warning	Automatic Emergency Braking	Pedestrian Automatic Emergency Braking	Lane Departure Warning	Lane Keep Assist	Adaptive Cruise Control	Lane Centering Assistance	Adaptive Cruise & Lane Centering
							
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2

STATE OF THE INDUSTRY

- Highest SAE Level of Driving Assistance & Automation on the road today (in the US)?

2



COLLISION WARNING

Blind Spot Warning	Detects vehicles in the blind spot while driving and notifies the driver to their provide an additional warning if the driver activates the turn signal.
Forward Collision Warning	Detects a potential collision with a vehicle ahead and alerts the driver. Some s for pedestrians or other objects.
Lane Departure Warning	Monitors vehicle's position within the driving lane and alerts driver as the vehi lane markers.
Parking Collision Warning	Detects objects close to the vehicle during parking maneuvers and notifies th
Rear Cross Traffic Warning	Detects vehicles approaching from the side at the rear of the vehicle while in driver. Some systems also warn for pedestrians or other objects.

COLLISION INTERVENTION

Automatic Emergency Braking	Detects potential collisions with a vehicle ahead, provides forward collision w brakes to avoid a collision or lessen the severity of impact. Some systems also other objects.
Automatic Emergency Steering	Detects potential collisions with a vehicle ahead and automatically steers to a of impact. Some systems also detect pedestrians or other objects.
Lane Keeping Assistance	Provides steering support to assist the driver in keeping the vehicle in the lan when the vehicle approaches or crosses a lane line or road edge.
Reverse Automatic Emergency Braking	Detects potential collisions while in reverse gear and automatically brakes to of impact. Some systems also detect pedestrians or other objects.

DRIVING CONTROL ASSISTANCE

Adaptive Cruise Control	Cruise control that also assists with acceleration and/or braking to maintain a vehicle in front. Some systems can come to a stop and continue while others
Lane Centering Assistance^{NEW}	Provides steering support to assist the driver in continuously maintaining the center of the lane.
Active Driving Assistance¹	Simultaneous use of Lane Centering Assistance and Adaptive Cruise Control constantly supervise this support feature and maintain responsibility for drivin

¹ Classified as Level 2 Driving Automation by SAE J3016

PARKING ASSISTANCE

Backup Camera	Displays the area behind the vehicle when in reverse gear.
Surround View Camera	Displays the immediate surroundings of some or all sides of the vehicle while stopped or during low speed maneuvers.
Active Parking Assistance	Assists with steering and potentially other functions during parking maneuvers. Driver may be required to accelerate, brake, and/or select gear position. Some systems are capable of parallel and/or perpendicular parking. The driver must constantly supervise this support feature and maintain responsibility for parking.
Remote Parking Assistance¹	Without the driver being physically present inside the vehicle, provides steering, braking, accelerating and/or gear selection while moving a vehicle into or out of a parking space. The driver must constantly supervise this support feature and maintain responsibility for parking.
Trailer Assistance	Assists the driver with visual guidance while backing towards a trailer or during backing maneuvers with a trailer attached. Some systems may provide additional images while driving or backing with a trailer. Some systems may provide steering assistance during backing maneuvers.

DRIVER MONITORING

Indirect Driver Monitoring System^{NEW}	Observes vehicle states, motions and/or driver performance indicators to estimate driver distraction, inattention, or misuse. This may include monitoring steering wheel input, vehicle sway within the lane, or a combination of other factors monitored by the vehicle systems. Some systems may provide a warning to the driver and/or limit the use of other features.
Direct Driver Monitoring System^{NEW}	Detects the driver's eye and/or head movement to estimate where the driver is looking. Some systems may provide a warning to the driver and/or limit the use of other features.
Driver Re-engagement System^{NEW}	A series of escalating warnings and interventions attempting to engage an unresponsive driver. If the driver does not respond, the system brings the vehicle to a full stop while maintaining steering control. Some systems may steer the vehicle to the side of the road and/or make an emergency call if the driver fails to respond.

OTHER DRIVER ASSISTANCE SYSTEMS

Automatic High Beams	Switches between high and low beam headlamps automatically based on lighting and traffic.
Head-Up Display	Projects information relevant to driving into the driver's forward line of sight.
Night Vision	Improves forward visibility at night by projecting enhanced images on instrument cluster or head-up display.

¹ Classified as Level 2 Driving Automation by SAE J3016

Last Modified 07/25/22

STATE OF THE INDUSTRY

- How prevalent are these systems on today's vehicles?

The following slides are from the NHTSA Partnership for Analytics in Traffic Safety (PARTS) Initiative.

Market Penetration Rates for 2015-2020 MY vehicles in the study set, approximately 47 million vehicles.

<https://www.nhtsa.gov/parts-partnership-for-analytics-research-in-traffic-safety>

ADAS Market Penetration Rates

for Features Examined in PARTS Study

Penetration rates are reported for the following ADAS features



**Blind Spot
Warning
(BSW)**



**Automatic
Emergency
Braking (AEB)**



**Pedestrian
Automatic
Emergency
Braking (PAEB)**



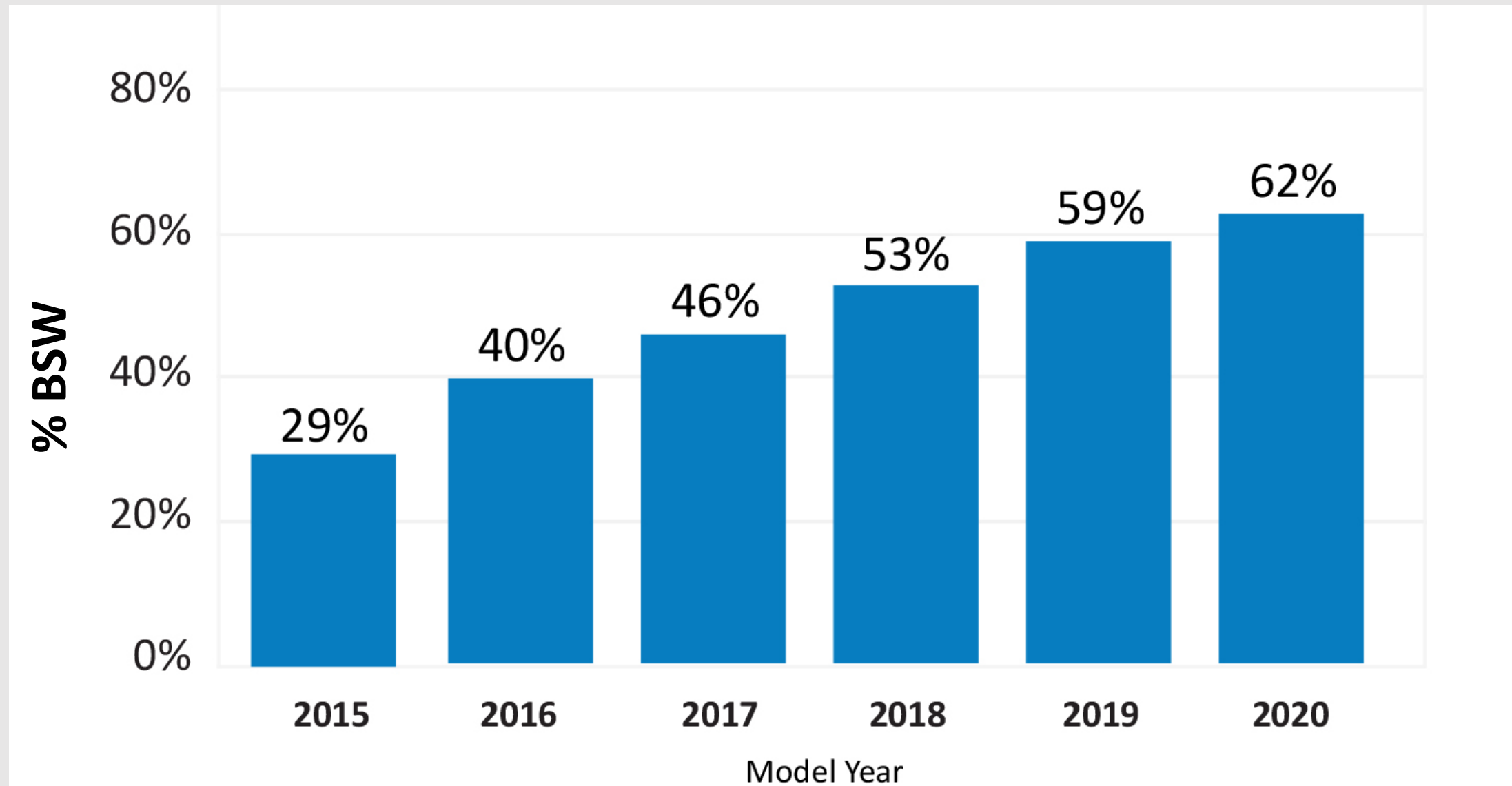
**Lane
Departure
Warning
(LDW)**



**Lane
Keeping
Assistance
(LKA)**

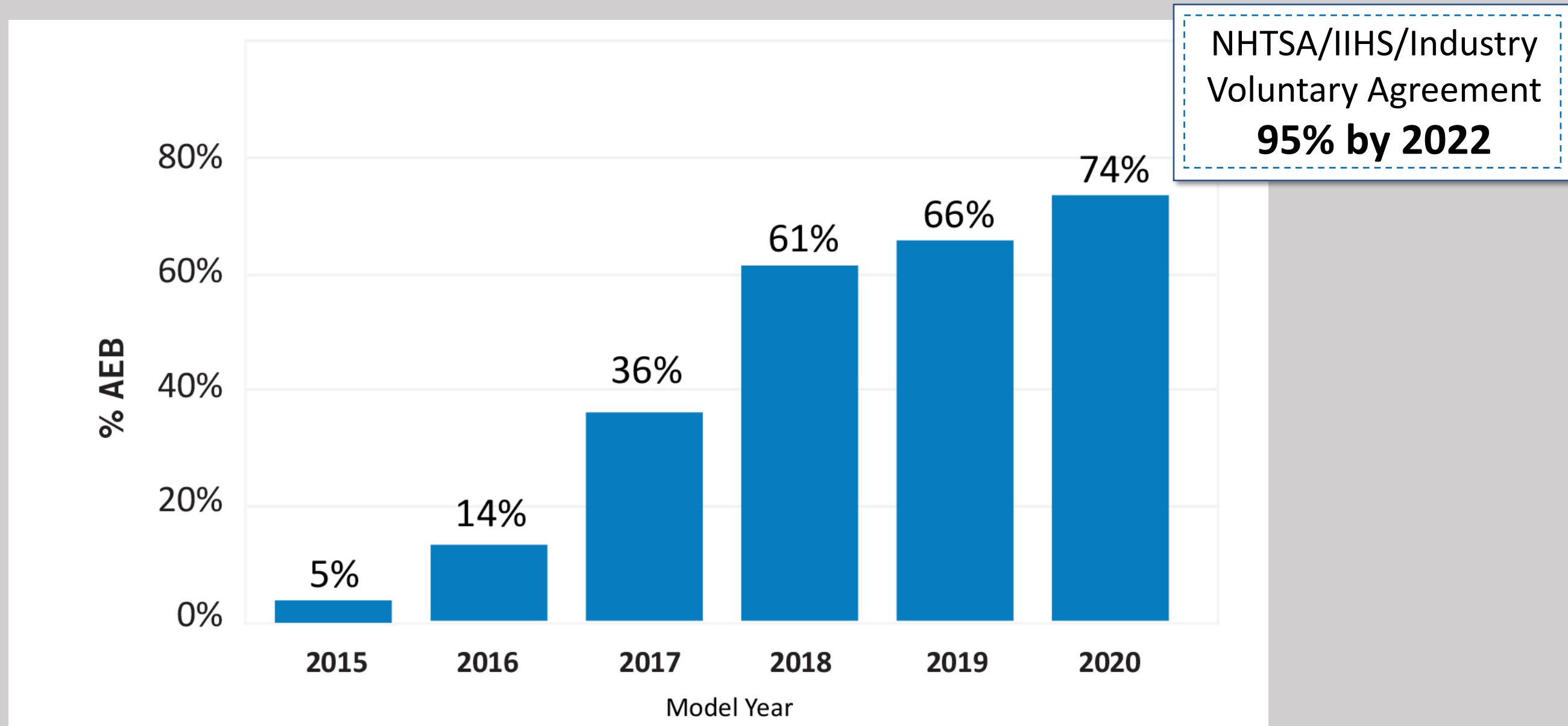
Blind Spot Warning (BSW)

BSW penetration increased from 29% to 62% over 6 years for vehicles in the PARTS study set



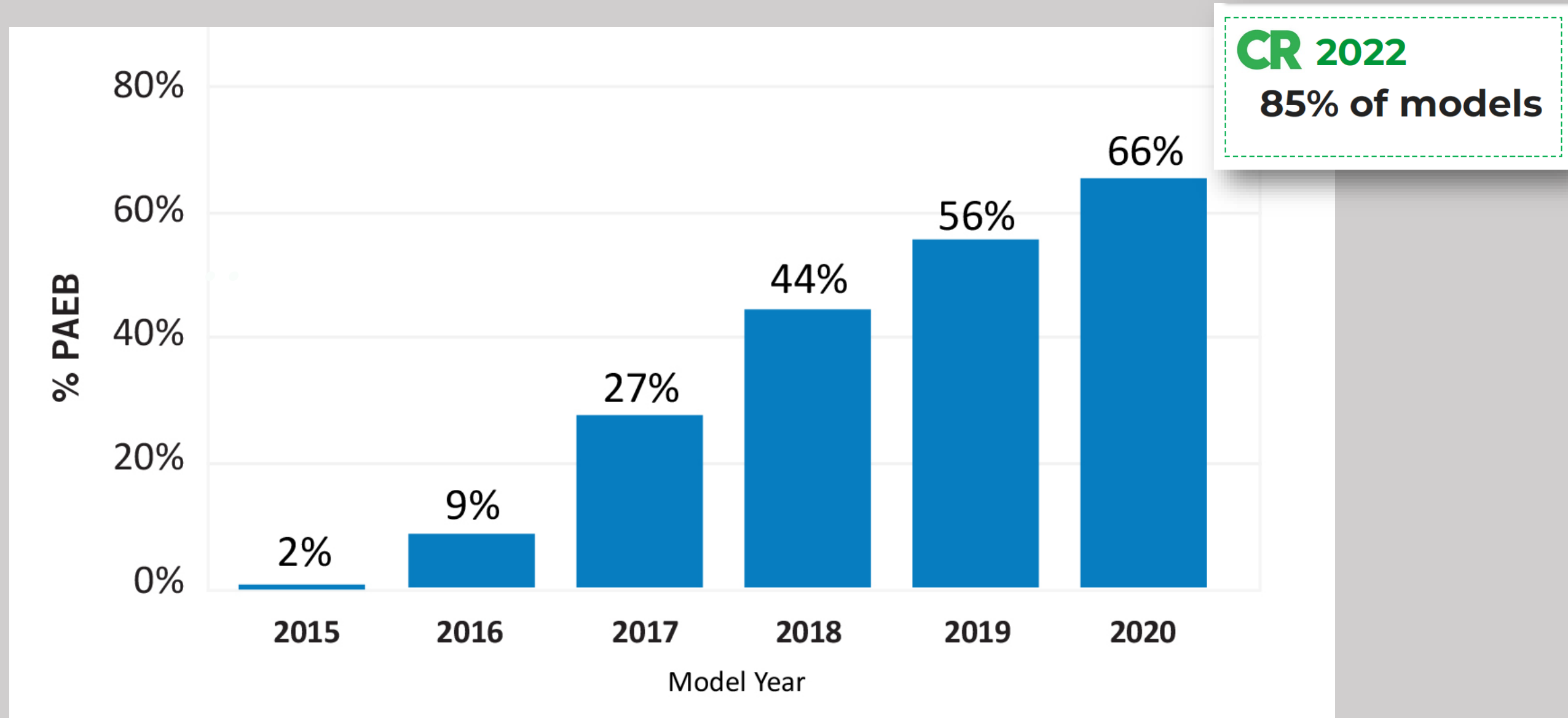
Automatic Emergency Braking (AEB)

AEB penetration increased from 5% to 74% over 6 years for vehicles in the PARTS study set



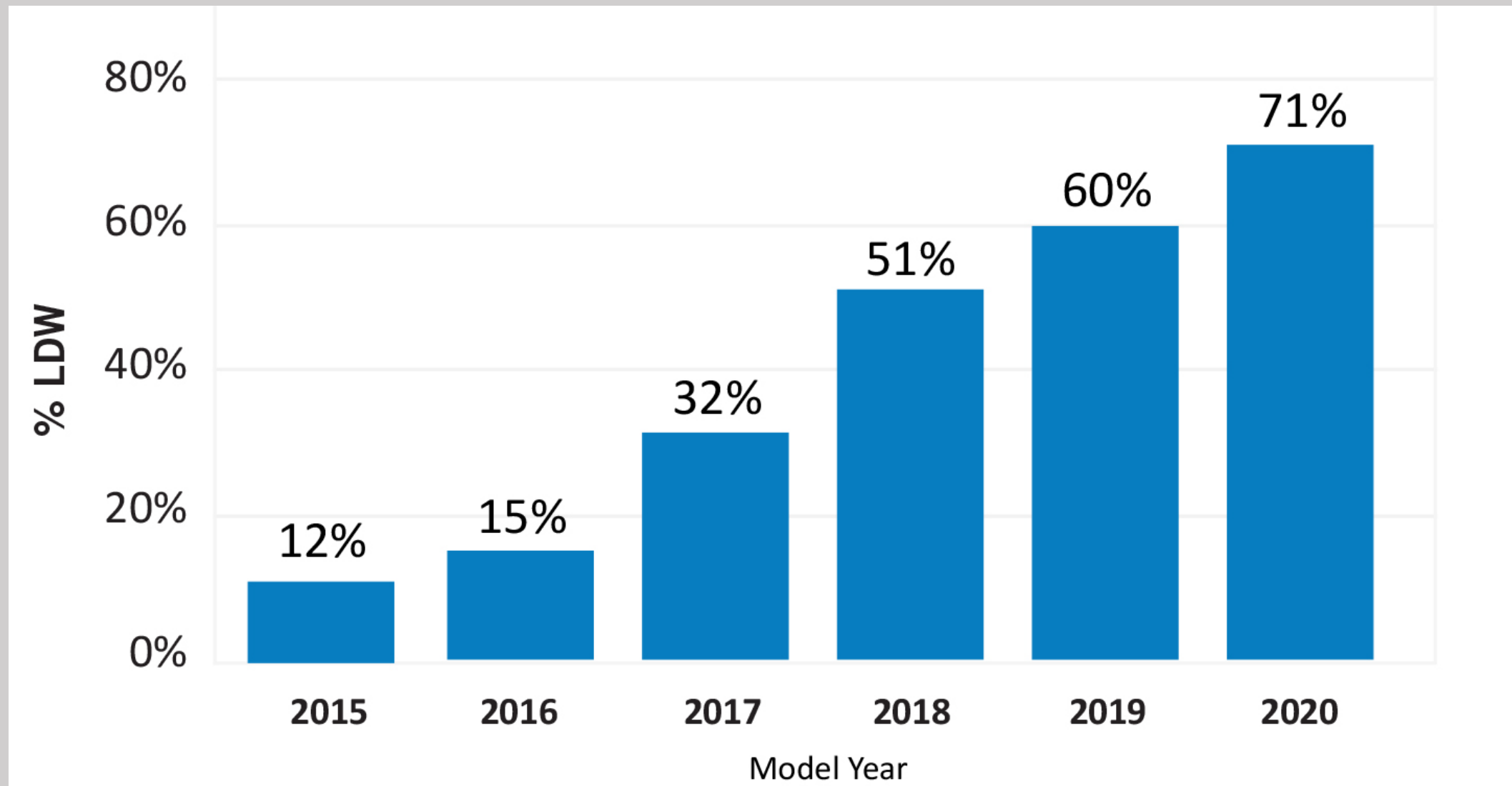
Pedestrian Automatic Emergency Braking (PAEB)

PAEB penetration increased from 2% to 66% over 6 years for vehicles in the PARTS study set



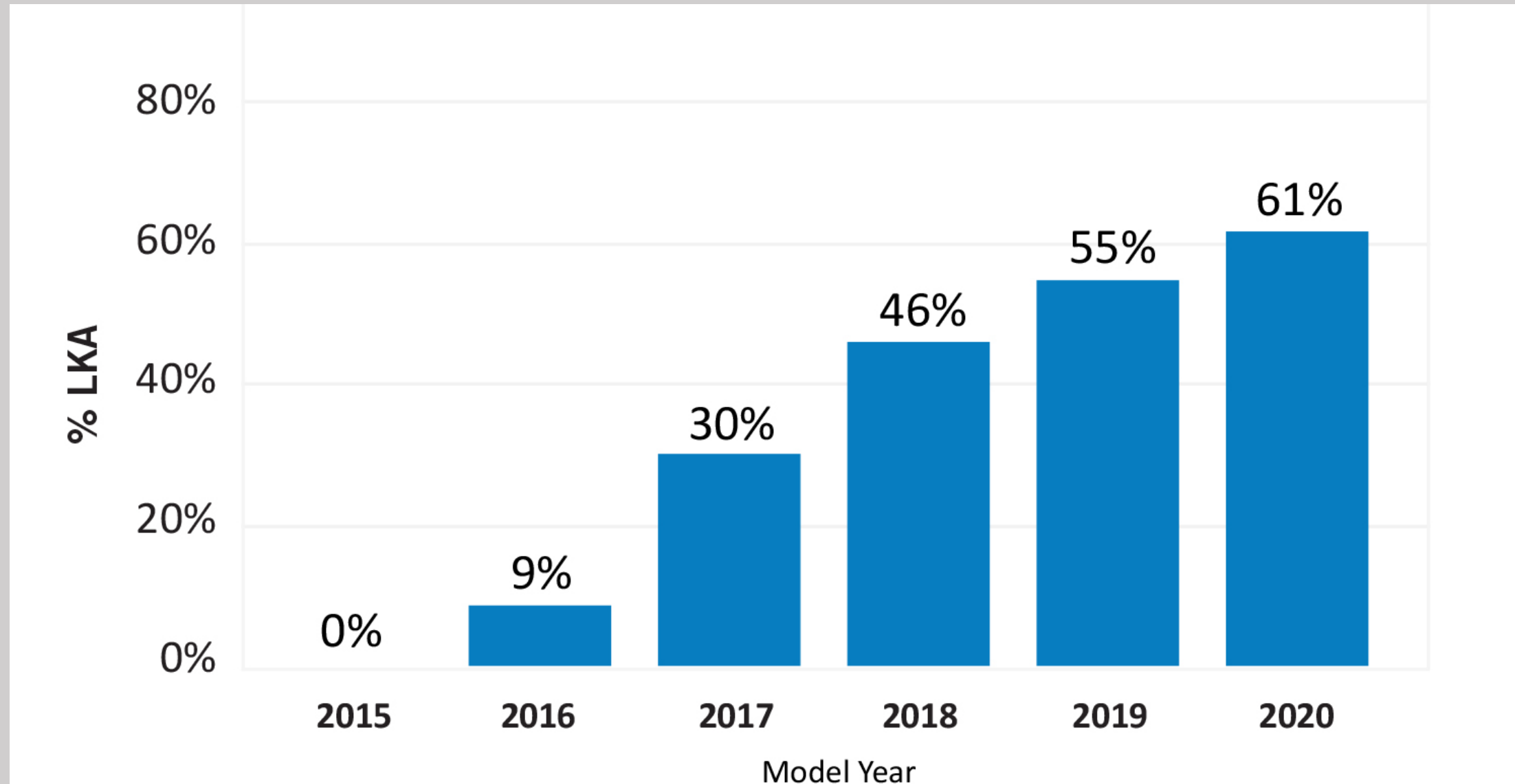
Lane Departure Warning (LDW)

LDW penetration increased from 12% to 71% over 6 years for vehicles in the PARTS study set



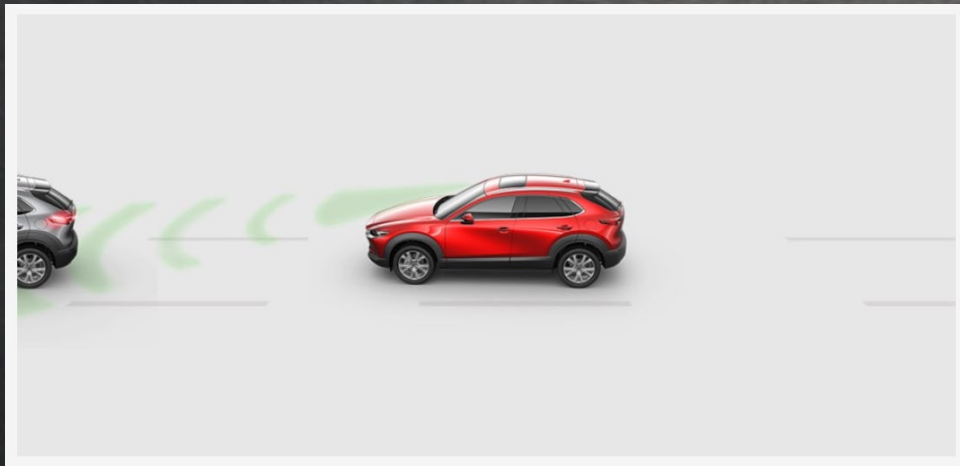
Lane Keeping Assistance (LKA)

LKA penetration increased from <1% to 61% over 6 years for vehicles in the PARTS study set



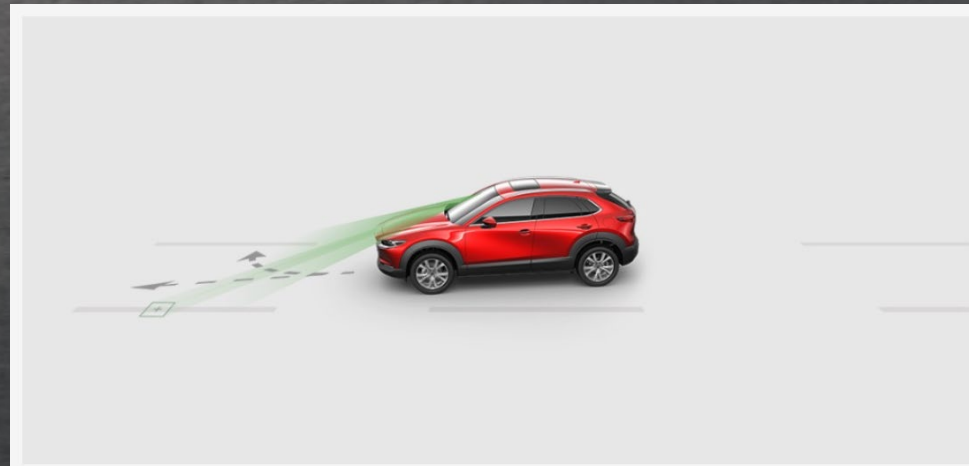
MAZDA'S DRIVER ASSISTANCE TECHNOLOGIES

i-ACTIVSENSE®



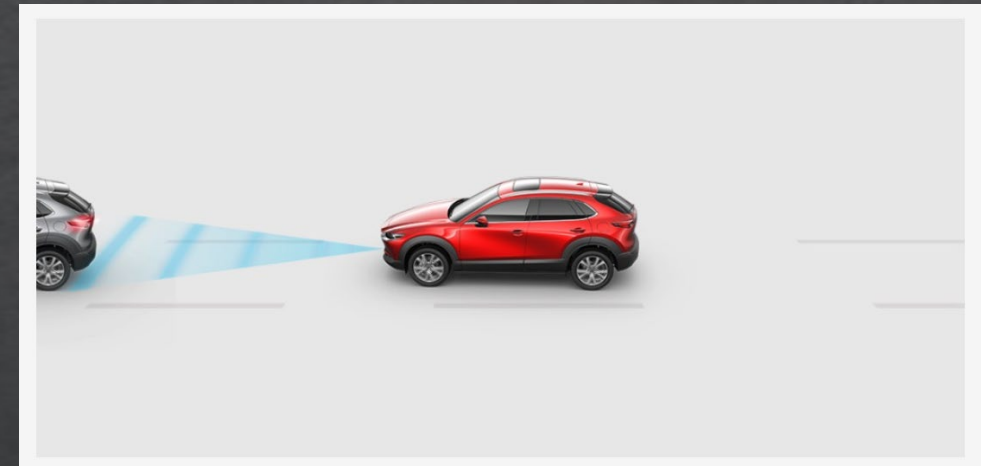
SMART BRAKE SUPPORT

Smart Brake Support helps detect vehicles (above 2 mph), pedestrians and bicyclists (6 - 50 mph) in your path. If an impact is predicted, the system will warn the driver and, if necessary, apply the brakes.



LANE-KEEP ASSIST

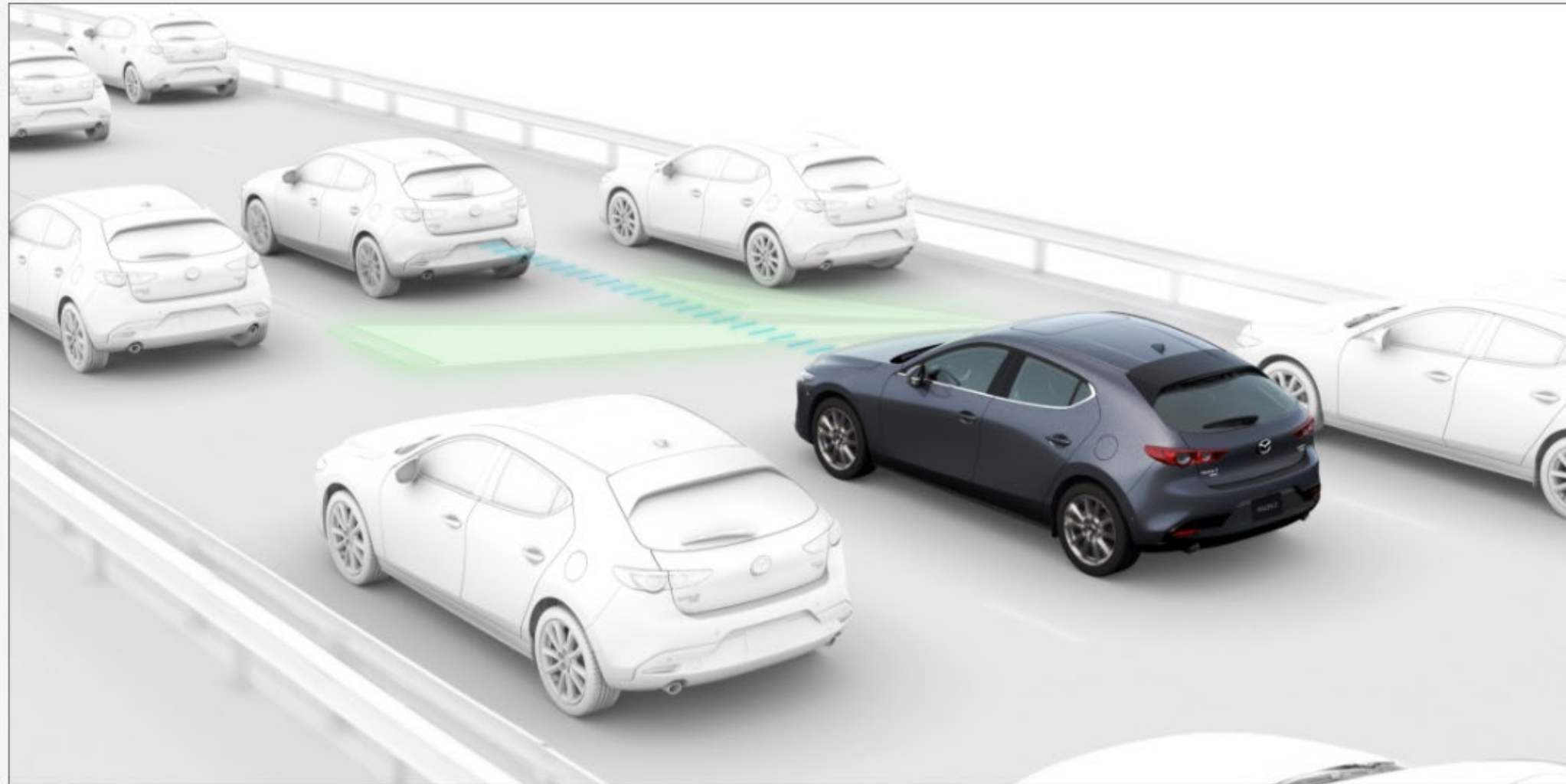
Lane-keep Assist adds to the warnings of the Lane Departure Warning System. When it senses a potential unintentional lane departure at speeds of 40 mph or higher, it will perform minor steering corrections to help prevent your vehicle from exiting the lane.



MAZDA RADAR CRUISE CONTROL WITH STOP & GO

Mazda Radar Cruise Control with Stop & Go maintains a set speed and minimum following distance from the traffic ahead. If the vehicle you're following reduces speed, even down to a stop, your vehicle will automatically slow or stop as needed.

MAZDA'S DRIVER ASSISTANCE TECHNOLOGIES



TRAFFIC JAM ASSIST

Enhances cruise control functionality with low-speed lane centering up to about 40 mph.

